## **Constant Spring Hangers and Supports**

## **Overview**

Constant springs are used to support piping whose movements and/or loading conditions cause too great a variability or too high of a loading condition for a variable spring. A perfect constant support will exert the same lifting effort as the pipe moves either up or down.

The geometric design of the constant support ensures a constant amount of force exerted throughout the entire range of travel. The force is made constant by a counterbalancing spring assembly. This counterbalancing spring assembly is made up of a spring coil(s) and a set of levers.

As the levers move from the higher to the lower position, or vice versa, a turning moment about the main pivot is created that is both equal and opposite to the turning moment of the load and the load moment arms. As the lever moves from the higher to the lower position, the load spring is compressed and the ensuing increased force causes the turning moment to be created. It is the opposite for the lever moving from the lower to the higher position.

## RCS-80V Vertical Constant Chart

Drawing	Rilco Type	Grinnell Equivalent	Description
	Α	A	The Rilco RCS-80V "Type A"
			is specially fabricated for
			mounting on a supporting
			member by means of
			attaching a rod into the
			tapped hole in the constant
			support's top cap.
	В	В	The Rilco RCS-80V "Type B"
			is manufactured with one
			lug to accommodate
			attachment to building
			structure and allow for the
			use of various types of
			attachments.
	С	С	The Rilco RCS-80V "Type C"
			is manufactured using two
			(2) lugs to accommodate
			attachment to the building
			structure and allowing for
			the use of various types of
			attachments.
	D	D	The Rilco RCS-80V "Type D"
			is designed to lay on top of
			the beams or structural
			steel rather than attaching
			to the structures like the
			other "Constant Supports".
	E	E	The Rilco RCS-80V "Type E"
			is the same as the RCS-80V
			"Type D" except that "Type
			E" is designed with two (2)
			brackets that comprise its
			frame thereby allowing it
			to rest on the top flange of

		the structural member.
G	G	The RCS-80V "Type G" is
		manufactured using
		opposing constants and a
		pair of channels welded
		back-to-back, to form a
		trapeze assembly.
		This Rilco system is
		designed for use when a
		pipe is not to be centered
		on the constant support so
		that one spring of the
		trapeze carries a heavier
		load than the other.

## **RCS-81H Horizontal Constant Chart**

Drawing	Rilco Type	Grinnell Equivalent	Description
	Α	Α	The Rilco RCS-81H "Type A"
			is specially designed for
			mounting on a supporting
			member by means of
			attaching two rods into the
			tapped holes in the
			constant support's top cap.
	В	В	The Rilco RCS-81H "Type B"
			is manufactured with two
			lugs to accommodate
			attachment to the building
			structure and allowing for
			the use of various types of
			attachments.
	С	С	The Rilco RCS-81H "Type C"
			is manufactured using two
			(2) lugs to accommodate
			attachment to the building
			structure and allowing for
			the use of various types of
			attachments.
	D	D	The Rilco RCS-81H "Type D"
			is designed to be attached
			directly under that steel
			support member.
	E	E	The Rilco RCS-81H "Type E"
			is similar to the RCS-81H
			"Type D" except that "Type
			E" is designed with two (2)
			brackets welded to the
			support casing forming a
			frame which allows the unit
			to be attached to the top of

		the structural support.
F	F	The Rilco RCS-81H "Type F
		Upthrust" is specifically
		designed to support pipes
		or equipment from below
		and is supplied with a base
		to anchor it to the floor.